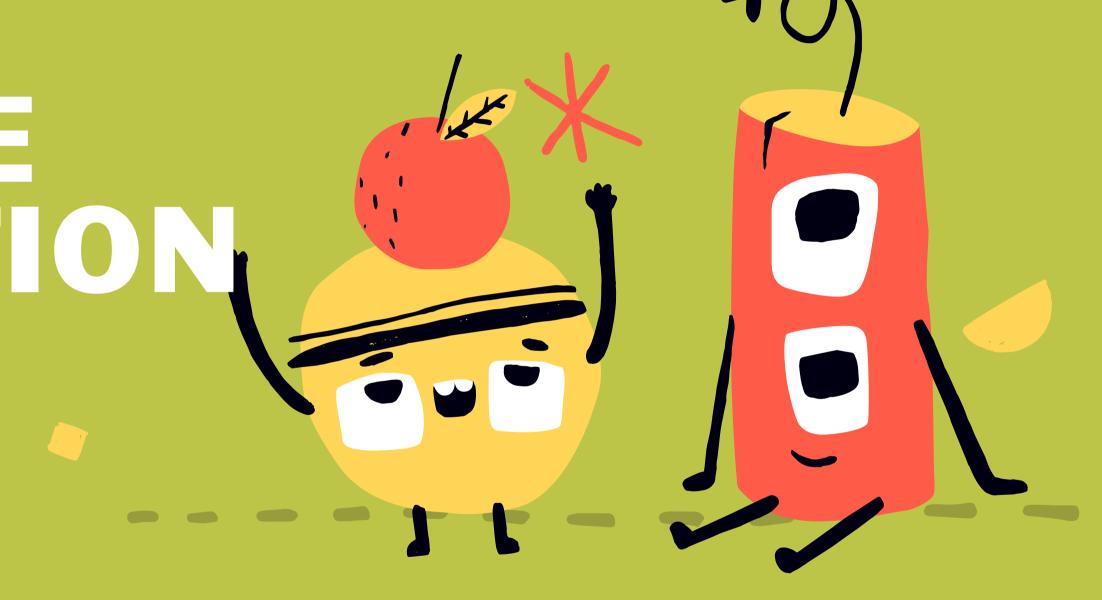
# THE VALUE PROPOSITION OF CLOUD

aws.nikema.dev







### WHAT IS CLOUD COMPUTING?

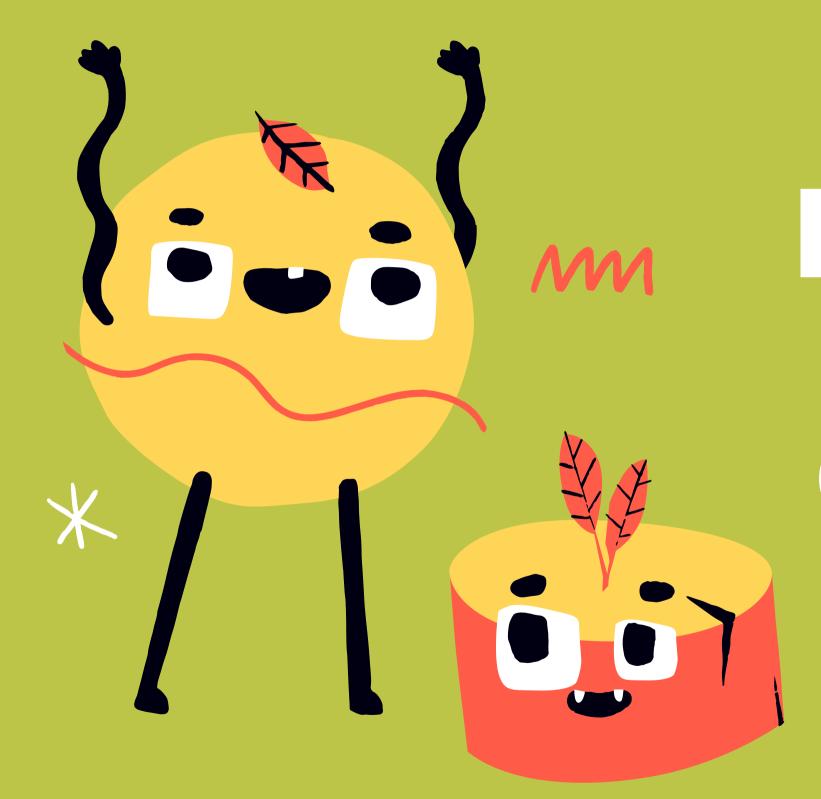
According to the <u>National Institute</u> for Standards and Technology (NIST), cloud computing is "a model for enabling ubiquitous, convenient, ondemand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (e.g., networks, servers, storage, applications, and services) that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort or service provider interaction."

### A SIMPLER DEFINITION

Cloud computing is the on-demand delivery of IT resources over the internet with pay-as-you-go pricing.

– AWS Cloud Practitioner Essentials course





### SOME BENEFITS OF CLOUD COMPUTING

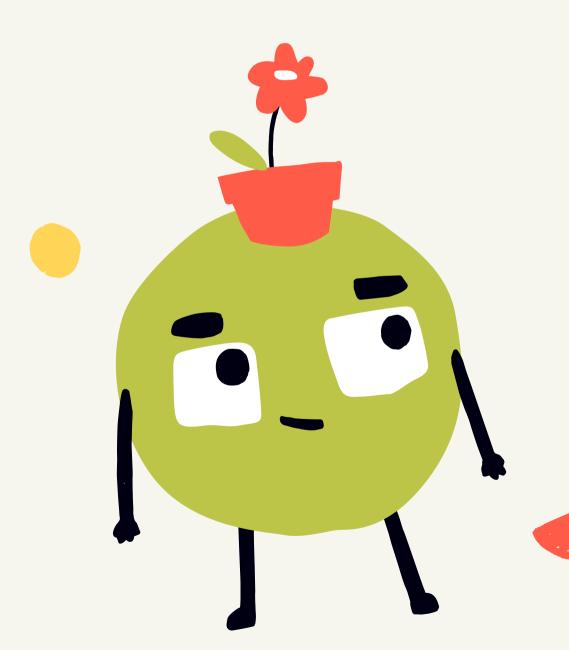
## CAPEX IS REPLACED BY OPEX



You don't have to invest in expenses for physical servers, data centers, or other resources before using them.

Pay-as-you-go for only the resources you consume

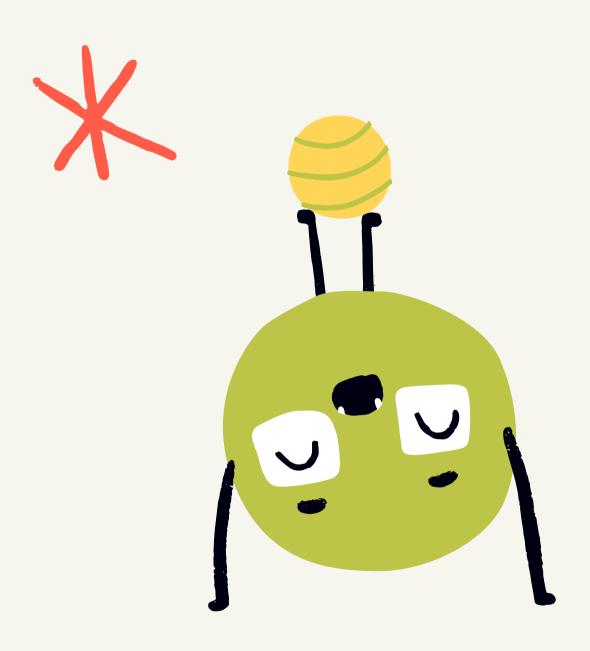






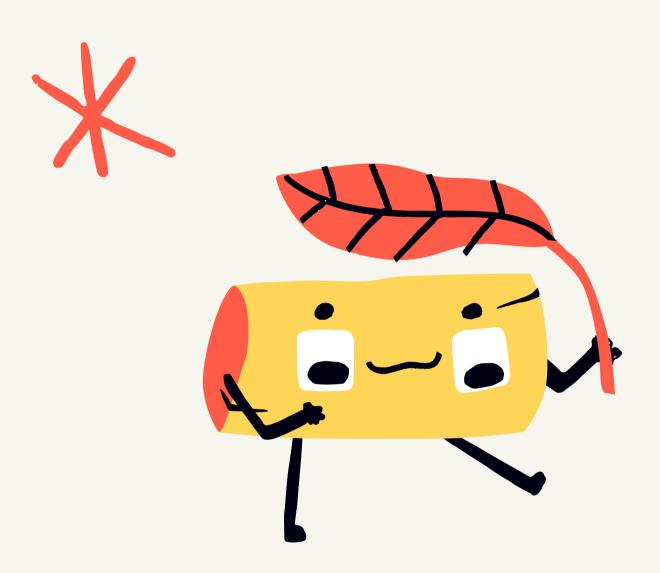
# LACK OF CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

Increases agility (most services charge on an hourly or less basis) in IT operations and lowers financial risks associated with innovative technologies



## ELASTICITY (NO NEED TO GUESS CAPACITY)

Pay for the resources you use and scale in and out in response to demand



#### A MASSIVE GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Because usage from hundreds of thousands of customers can aggregate in the cloud, providers can achieve higher economies of scale.

The economy of scale translates into lower pay-as-you-go prices.



#### EMPHASIS ON API SUPPORT

We can **automate** all the things!



**AWS Cloud Practitioner Essentials** 



# 

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